

Libyan International Medical University Faculty of AMS



LUNG CANCER

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OBJECTIVES

- Define lung cancer
- Classify the types of lung cancer
- Outline the stages of lung cancer
- Discuss the causes of lung cancer
- List the symptoms of lung cancer
- Outline treatment of lung cancer

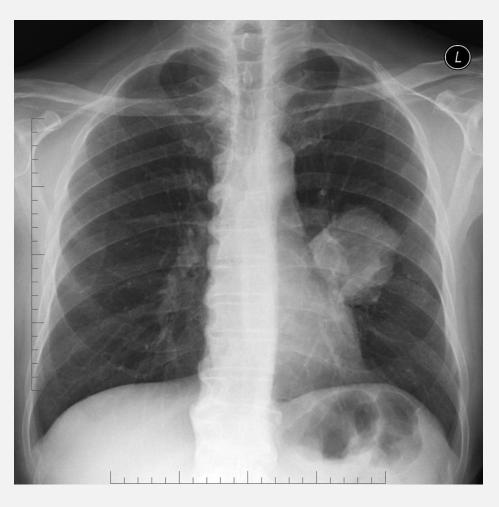
INTRODUCTION



DEFINE LUNG CANCER

Lung cancer is a type of cancer that develops in the tissues of the lungs. It is the abnormal growth of cells in lungs.



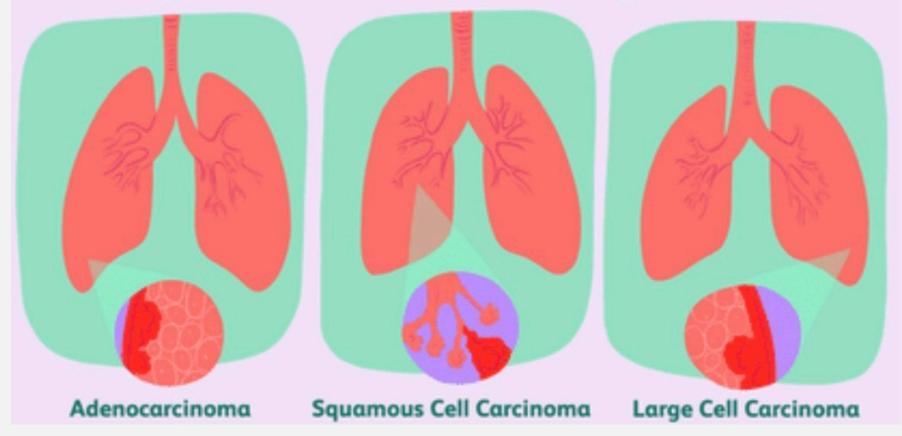


CLASSIFY THE TYPES OF LUNG CANCER

There are 2 types of lung cancer:

- **Non-small cell** This is the most common form of lung cancer. More than 85% of people with lung cancer have non-small cell.
- > The different types of NSCLC:
- I. Adenocarcinomas
- 2. Squamous cell carcinomas
- 3. Large cell carcinomas
- **Small cell** The cells of this form of cancer are small. The cells grow and spread faster than in non-small cell lung cancer.

Types of Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer



OUTLINE THE STAGES OF LUNG CANCER

Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) stages:

- **Stage I:** Cancer is found in the lung, but it has not spread outside the lung.
- **Stage 2:** Cancer is found in the lung and nearby lymph nodes.
- **Stage 3:** Cancer is in the lung and lymph nodes in the middle of the chest.
- **Stage 4:** Cancer has spread to both lungs, into the area around the lungs, or to distant organs.

OUTLINE THE STAGES OF LUNG CANCER

Small-cell lung cancer (SCLC) stages:

>There are two stages of SCLC:

- limited: cancer is found in only one lung or nearby lymph nodes on the same side of the chest.
- Extensive: The extensive stage means cancer has spread:
- to the opposite lung
- to distant organs

WHAT DO YOU THINK IS THE MOST COMMON CAUSE OF LUNG CANCER?

DISCUSS THE CAUSES OF LUNG CANCER

- Smoking
- Second hand smoke
- Radon
- Other substances



LIST THE SYMPTOMS OF LUNG CANCER

Signs and symptoms of lung cancer may include:

- A new cough that doesn't go away
- Coughing up blood, even a small amount
- Shortness of breath
- Chest pain
- Hoarseness
- Losing weight without trying
- Bone pain
- Headache

OUTLINE TREATMENT OF LUNG CANCER

- Surgery
- Radiation therapy
- Chemotherapy
- Targeted therapy



CONCLUSION

YOUR CRAVING IS TEMPORARY BUT THE DAMAGE TO YOUR LUNGS IS PERMANENT.

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