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Instruments Governments Use for Intervention

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INTRODUCTION

To attract foreign direct investment and maximize its contribution to the sustainable development objectives of a country, clear government policies are needed to guide and inform the planning, preparation, negotiation, monitoring, and implementation of an investment.



1. National Development Plan



It outlines a country's sustainable development goals and sets out in which sectors foreign direct investment is desirable to achieve those goals.



2. Investment Policies

It's aimed at achieving a country's development goals and set out the strategic priorities for investment.



3. Investment Incentives

It's to promote foreign direct investment. Such as, financial, or other investment incentives must be carefully assessed in terms of long-term costs and benefits before they are implemented.

4. Master Infrastructure Plan

To help identify and prioritize investments into the construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructure.

CONCLUSION

- Governments intervene in trade and investment to achieve political, social, or economic objectives.
- Government intervention is an important dimension of country risk.





REFERENCE!

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